FEBRUARY, 1786. THE NUMB. 2908.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1786.

Extracts from the Minutes of the first Session of the Tenth General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

[Concluded from our last.]

SATURDAY, December 24, 1785. P. M.

The House resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on ways and means, postponed yesterday, and in debating the following paragraph, viz.

"And whereas the legislature of Pennsylvania, attentive to the creditors of the United States, who are citizens of this commonwealth, hath already begun a system of finance for the relief of the creditors of this state, in which system an emission of bills of credit, to the amount of one hundred and fifty thousand pounds, constitutes a principal part: And whereas the issuing of the aforesaid facilities or interest certificates to the citizens of this state, who are provided for by the act of the 16th of March last, entituled "An Act for furnishing the quota of this state towards paying the annual interest of the debts of the United States, and for funding and paying the interest of the debts of this state," would interfere with and derange the said system: To obviate which, it is proposed that a subscription be opened at the office of the Comptroller-General of this state, to receive on loan to the commonwealth, all such certificates for debts due by the United States to citizens of this state, the interest whereof were made payable at the federal loan-office in Philadelphia by the act of the 16th day of March, 1785, last recited; and that every of the subscribers (within a time to be limited for the proposed loan) receive from the said Comptroller-General a certificate, equivalent in value, in lieu of each certificate of the United States which he or she shall so subscribe; the same to bear interest from the date of the certificate loaned to the commonwealth; and that the faith of the state be pledged to the subscribers aforesaid, as well for the payment of the interest half yearly accruing, as for the final redemption of all certificates which shall be so issued by the Comptroller-General of this state.

It was moved by Mr. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. Clymer, To add, after the words "and that the faith of the state be pledged to the subscribers aforesaid," the words "and that funds be provided for that purpose."

And on the question,---"Will the House agree to the said amendment?"--- the Yeas and nays were called by Mr. R. Morris and Mr. Wayne, and are as follow, viz.

YEAS. W. Will, R. Morris, T. Fitzsimons, G. Clymer, J. Salter, G. Logan, W. Robinson, jun. A. Wayne, R. Ralston, J. Hannum, R. Smith, S. Evans, J. Morris, A. Lowrey, E. Carpenter, J. Work, M. Schmyser, P. Gartner, J. Lilly, H. Tyson, D. M'Clellan, F. Watts, B. Gehr, B. Rittenhouse, T. Rees, D. Bradley, H. Miller. 27.

NAYS. J. Irvine, J. Clark, A. Erwine, S. Foulk, J. Smith, J. Thomas, J. Moore, R. Whitehill, J. Carothers, J. Creigh, A. Lincoln, H. Spyker, P. Kreemer, D. Davis, T. Mawhorter, P. Trexler, jun. P. Burkhalter, R. Brown, J. Piper, F. Antes, S. Dale, W. Todd, W. Findley, J. M'Dowell, J. Smilie, J. M'Calmont, A. Smith, J. Rhea, R. Loller, P. Richards, A. Orth, R. Clark, D. Krouse. Total 33.

So it was carried in the negative.

And the said report, having been fully debated by paragraphs, was adopted.

Ordered, That Mr. J. Irvine, Mr. J. Clark, Mr. Whitehill, Mr. Findley and Mr. Smilie, be a committee, to bring in the several bills, conformably to the said report.

The bill, entituled "A Supplement to the act, entituled "An Act to encourage and protect the manufactures of this state, by laying additional duties on the importation of certain manufactures which interfere with them," having been brought in engrossed, was compared at the table, enacted into a law, and the Speaker directed to sign the same.

The bill, entituled "An Act for quieting the disturbances at Wyoming, for pardoning certain offenders, and for other purposes therein mentioned," having been brought in engrossed, was compared at the table; and on the question---"Shall the same be enacted into a law?"---the Yeas and Nays were called by Mr. Wayne and Mr. J. Irvine, and are as follow, viz.

YEAS. W. Will, R. Morris, T. Fitzsimons, J. Irvine, G. Clymer, J. Salter, G. Logan, W. Robinson, jun. A. Erwin, S. Foulke, J. Smith, J. Thomas, A. Wayne, R. Ralston, J. Moore, J. Hannum, R. Smith, S. Evans, J. Morris, A. Lowrey, E. Carpenter, J. Work, H. Miller, M. Schmyser, P. Gartner, J. Lilly, H. Tyson, D. M'Clellan, J. Carothers, F. Watts, J. Creigh, A. Lincoln, H. Spyker, P. Kreemer, D. Davis, B. Gehr, T. Mawhorter, P. Trexler, jun. P. Burkhalter, R. Brown, F. Antes, W. Todd, W. Findley, J. M'Dowell, J. M'Calmont, B. Rittenhouse, R. Loller, P. Richards, T. Rees, D. Krouse. 30.

NAYS. J. Clark, R. Whitehill, J. Piper, S. Dale, J. Smilie, A. Smith, J. Rhea, A. Orth, R. Clark, D. Bradley. 10.

So it was determined in the affirmative, the bill enacted into a law, and the Speaker directed to sign the same.

The bill, entituled "An Act to invest the Supreme Executive Council with full powers to lay out, and cause to be opened, a state high-way from the city of Philadelphia to or near Miller's Springs, in Cumberland county," was read the second time, and referred to Messrs. R. Morris, Lowrey, Tyson, Trail and Loller, to report thereon.

A letter from Anthony Wayne, Esquire, a representative for the county of Chester, was read, requesting leave to resign his seat as a member of this House; and on motion, and by special order, the same was read the second time.

Ordered, That his resignation be accepted.

Whereupon, Resolved, That the Speaker be directed to issue a writ, commanding the Sheriff of the county of Chester to hold an election of a representative, in the room of the said Anthony Wayne, Esquire.

Petitions from 99 inhabitants of the city and county of Philadelphia were read, similar to those read yesterday, stating, that they have long suffered under unequal taxes, occasioned by the delinquency of several counties of the state.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A letter from Thomas Rees, Esquire, was read, setting forth, that in accepting a seat in this House, he was induced to believe he had the concurrence of a majority of the freemen of the county of Montgomery; but finding that some dissatisfaction prevails, and his health much impaired, requests leave to resign his seat; and on motion, and by special order, the same was read the second time.

Ordered, That his resignation be accepted.

Whereupon, Resolved, That the Speaker be directed to issue a writ, commanding the Sheriff of the county of Montgomery to hold an election of a representative, in the room of the said Thomas Rees, Esquire.

Adjourned until ten o'clock on Monday next, A. M.

MONDAY, December 26, 1785, A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A letter from David Rittenhouse, Esquire, Treasurer of this state, was read, suggesting the propriety of directing the committee of accounts to burn, during the recess of the House, the resolve and commonwealth paper money, and likewise the treasury notes, and island money, dated the 29th day of April, 1780, now in the treasury; and stating his desire that the bills of credit, dated April 7th, 1781, and the last emission by the resolution of Congress, may also be destroyed, and that an act of Assembly will be necessary for that purpose.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition and remonstrance from a number of Germans, inhabitants of the city and liberties of Philadelphia, was read, setting forth, that they beheld with great satisfaction the resolution passed by this House for having the minutes and bills published for consideration printed in the German language, but that they are of opinion the good purposes thereby intended will not be fully answered under the appointment of the present German printers, persons in whom they cannot confide for the faithful execution of the business, as one or both of them (as the petitioners apprehend) have not taken the oath of allegiance to this state; and stating, that the news-paper printed by the persons appointed to execute the said business is only published once in a fortnight, whereby the publication of the bills is retarded unnecessarily, and that the said paper does not circulate in this city; therefore praying that Melchior Steiner, of this city, may be appointed to execute the aforesaid business, whose news-paper is published weekly, and circulates more generally both in the city and country.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The petitions of a number of the freemen and electors of the city and liberties of Philadelphia, read December 5th, were read the second time, and committed.

The standing committee, appointed November 30th, reported a draught of instructions to the Delegates representing this state in the Congress of the United States, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee of accounts, to whom were presented the accounts of Francis Bailey, Thomas Bradford, Eleazer Oswald, James Muir, Daniel Humphreys and James Pearson, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The report of the committee, read December 23d, respecting the annual expenditures for the civil list, and to form a return of all officers of the state who are entitled to public emolument by salary, fee or perquisite, was read the second time, and in part considered: Whereupon

Resolved, That all officers of this commonwealth, entitled to salary, fee or perquisite, do make true return of the yearly amount of their respective salaries, fees or perquisites, to the committee appointed for procuring such returns, and that the said committee apply to them respectively for that purpose.

Ordered, That the further consideration of the said report be postponed.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act for the further relief of the public creditors who are citizens of this state, by receiving on loan certain debts of the United States of America, and for funding the same, and for paying the annual interest of such loans, and the interest of certain debts of this state, every six months," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act for complying with the requisition of the United States in Congress assembled, for the services of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and for paying one year's interest on the foreign and domestic debts," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, entituled "An Act authorising the states of Maryland and Virginia to lay out and improve a road within the limits of this state, between the waters of the river Potowmack and of the river Ohio," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act authorising the Supreme Executive Council to appoint a commissioner or commissioners to view and open a road from the Lehigh Water-Gap, in the county of Northampton, to Wyoming, in the county of Northumberland, and for other purposes therein mentioned," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for the present relief and future endowment of Dickinson college, in the borough of Carlisle, and county of Cumberland, in this state, and for reserving part of the unappropriated lands belonging to the state as a fund for the endowment of public schools, agreeably to the forty-fourth section of the constitution of this commonwealth," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act to repeal an act, entituled "An Act to suspend an act of General Assembly of this commonwealth, entituled "A Supplement to an act, entituled "An Act to enable William Clingan, Thomas Bull, John Kinkead, Roger Kirk, John Sellers, John Wilson and Joseph Davis, to build a new Court-house and Prison in the county of Chester, and to sell the old Court-house and Prison in the borough of Chester," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

Adjourned until three o'clock, P. M.

Eodem Die. P. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A letter from the Honorable Charles Pettit and John Bayard, Esquires, two of the Delegates of this state, in answer to the instructions given them respecting Sic Keesar and others, natives of China and India, was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed December 15th, on the petition of Elizabeth Wilson, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed December 24th, on the remonstrances and petitions of a number of shipwrights, and other tradesmen concerned in building and fitting of ships and vessels for sea, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 2d, reported a bill, entituled "An Act to regulate the fisheries in the rivers Delaware and Lehigh, and for the preservation of the fish in the said rivers," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, entituled "A Supplement to the Poor Laws of this commonwealth," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act to alter and amend an act, entituled "An act to remedy the defects of the several acts of Assembly heretofore made, for regulating the elections of Justices of the Peace throughout this state, and to establish a permanent mode of holding such elections, and to authorise the Justices of the Peace of the city of Philadelphia to hold the courts of record of the said city, and to make further provision for the due election and return of Justices of the Peace elect," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

A motion was made by Mr. Clymer, seconded by Mr. R. Morris, for the purpose of procuring an accurate return of the several claims made, and allowed by the supreme court, against the several persons attainted of treason within this commonwealth; and after considerable debate thereon, the further consideration thereof was postponed.

Adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow, A. M.

TUESDAY, December 27, 1785. A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

The letter from the Treasurer of the state, read yesterday, was read the second time: Whereupon

Resolved, That the committee of accounts be, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to examine and destroy the Resolve and Commonwealth paper money, and likewise the Treasury Notes and Island money, or bills of April 29th, 1780, now in the treasury.

On motion, Ordered, That Mr. Logan be added to the committee of accounts.

A representation from John Shields and John Pomroy, two of the Trustees appointed to purchase a piece of ground whereon to erect a Court-house and Gaol for the county of Westmoreland was read, setting forth, that the Trustees, upon examination, unanimously agreed that Hanna's-town was the most suitable place for that purpose; that the heirs and executors of Mr. Hanna's estate were willing to give one or more suitable lots of ground, for the purpose of erecting thereon a Court-house and Gaol, and three acres of ground adjoining the town; for the use of Churches, Burial-grounds, &c. and that they would dispose of twenty-five acres, at thirty shillings per acre, for public use; that the other Trustees, having altered their opinion, pointed out a place about three or four miles south of Hanna's-town as a more proper place, which the said Shields and Pomroy disapprove of.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Loller, appointed, October 28th, to collect the fines from delinquent members, presented to the chair a receipt for twenty-three pounds seven shillings and six-pence, being the amount of fines by him collected, and paid into the treasury of the Pennsylvania Hospital.

On motion made by Mr. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. Hannum,

Resolved, That the Prothonotary of the supreme court be directed to make return to this House of the accounts of the claims respectively made and registered in that court, against the several persons who have been attainted of treason.

Resolved, That the Supreme Executive Council be requested to lay before this House the accounts of the several sales which have been made of the confiscated property of the persons aforesaid, and also to make return of such parts of said property as may yet remain unsold.

On motion, Resolved, That the Supreme Executive Council be requested to direct one hundred and fifty copies of the act, entituled "An Act for quieting the disturbances at Wyoming, for pardoning certain offenders, and for other purposes therein mentioned," to be immediately printed, and that they cause the same to be forthwith distributed in the counties of Northampton and Northumberland, and particularly in the districts of Shawanese, Stoke and Wyoming, in the county of Northumberland.

The committee of accounts made report, which was read; and on motion, and by special order, the same was read the second time: Whereupon

Resolved, That the Speaker draw upon the State Treasurer, in favor of Robert Aitkin, for eighteen pounds one shilling and three-pence, for printing two plans for liquidating the debts of Pennsylvania; and in favor of the clerk, for sixty pounds, for paying contingent expences, for which he is to account.

On motion made by Mr. Findley, seconded by Mr. A. Smith,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, to prepare and bring in a bill for directing the sale of the vacant public lots in or near this city, the property of which remains in this state, and that depreciation and the other funded certificates of this state be made receivable in payment for the same.

Ordered, That the city members bring in a bill conformably to the foregoing resolution.

A motion was made by Mr. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. Hannum, respecting the collection of the arrears of taxes now due within this commonwealth.

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed.

A motion was made by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Lincoln, and adopted unanimously, as follows, viz.

Whereas the business of the General Assembly has greatly increased, and the duties of the Clerk and Assistant Clerk of this House are become much more arduous since the revolution: And whereas the frequent applications for transcripts of papers, together with the ordinary business of the House, engrosses most of their time during the recess: And whereas it is reasonable and just that they should be allowed an adequate compensation for their services: Therefore

Resolved, That the Clerk and Assistant Clerk, severally, be allowed thirty days pay for their services during the recess of the House, and that the Speaker draw orders on the State Treasurer for the same.

Resolved, That the Speaker draw orders on the Treasurer, in favor of the Serjeant at Arms and Door-keeper, for four pounds ten shillings each, for their services during the recess of the House.

The report of the committee of accounts, read yesterday, on the accounts of Francis Bailey and others, was read the second time: Whereupon

Resolved, That the Speaker draw upon the State Treasurer, in favor of Francis Bailey, for eighty-seven pounds six shillings; in favor of Thomas Bradford, for three hundred and forty-one pounds thirteen shillings; in favor of James Muir, for fifty-four pounds ten shillings and nine-pence; in favor of Eleazer Oswald, for twenty-seven pounds seven shillings and six-pence; in favor of James Pearson, for nineteen pounds eleven shillings and one penny; and in favor of Daniel Humphreys, for six pounds fifteen shillings; in full of their respective balances or accounts.

The report of the committee, read yesterday, on the petition of sundry shipwrights, &c. was read the second time: Whereupon

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, to bring in a bill conformably to the prayer of their petitions.

Ordered, That Mr. Will, Mr. Clymer and Mr. Salter, be a committee, for the purpose contained in the foregoing resolution.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act to enforce the due collection and payment of taxes within this commonwealth," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of such of the bills emitted pursuant to resolution of Congress of the eighteenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, and an act of the legislature of this state of June first, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, as shall remain unredeemed on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act for repealing so much of the law passed in December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, for raising the sum of ninety-three thousand six hundred and forty pounds and ten shillings, annually, for six years, as relates to the payment of the last four annual taxes therein directed to be laid," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpose, December 24th, reported a bill, entituled "An Act to provide for discharging the arrears of interest due upon the depreciation certificates granted by the state, upon which interest was heretofore payable," which was read the first time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

Adjourned until three o'clock, P. M.

Eodem Die. P. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

The bill, entituled "An Act for repealing so much of a law passed in December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, for raising the sum of ninety-three thousand six hundred and forty pounds and ten shillings, annually, for six years, as relates to the payment of the last four annual taxes therein directed to be laid," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act to provide for discharging the arrears of interest due upon the depreciation certificates granted by this state, upon which interest was heretofore payable," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of such of the bills emitted June the first, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, as shall remain unredeemed on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act to enforce the due collection and payment of taxes within this commonwealth," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for the relief of such officers, late of the state navy, as were made prisoners of war previous to the derangement in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy eight, and were afterwards honorably discharged, or who died during their captivity," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "A Supplement to an act, entituled "An Act to regulate the fisheries in the rivers Delaware and Lehigh, and for the preservation of the fish in the said rivers," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for complying with the requisition of the United States in Congress assembled, for the services of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and for paying one year's interest on the foreign and domestic debts," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for the further relief of the public creditors, who are citizens of this state, by receiving on loan certain debts of the United States of America, and for funding the same, and for paying the annual interest of such loans, and the interest of certain debts of this state, every six months," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The committee, appointed for the purpose, reported, That they have affixed the seal to the following laws, viz.

I. An ACT to empower certain Trustees, therein named, to sell and dispose of certain lands and premises, and to apply the monies arising therefrom towards the building of a parsonage house, for the use of the Minister for the time being of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. James, in the borough of Lancaster, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

II. An ACT empowering certain Trustees, therein named, to sell and dispose of two certain tracts or parcels of glebe land and premises, in the township of Salisbury, in the county of Lancaster, and to secure the annual interest arising from the sale thereof towards the maintenance and support of the Minister for the time being of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. John's, on Pequea.

III. A SUPPLEMENT to an act, entituled "An Act to encourage and protect the manufactures of this state, by laying additional duties on the importation of certain manufactures which interfere with them."

IV. An ACT for quieting the disturbances at Wyoming, for pardoning certain offenders, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Which laws were, as usual, deposited in the Rolls-Office.

Adjourned until the Twenty-first Day of February next, at three o'Clock, P. M.

APPENDIX.

The Minority, on the question taken the 24th day of November last, "To strike out the name of Daniel Montgomery, and, in lieu thereof, to insert that of William Maclay, and that the word legal be inserted before the word votes," gave the following reasons of dissent from the vote of the House, which were received too late to be inserted in the proper place.

DISSENTIENT,

1st. BECAUSE it appears, upon full enquiry into the merits of the late election for the county of Northumberland, that the number of votes given for Daniel Montgomery were four hundred and ten, when those for Willam Maclay were but four hundred and seven votes; and although in the district of Northumberland the names of electors on the poll list were ten short of the number of tickets which were received by the inspectors, yet there has been testimony produced to this House, fully sufficient, as we believe, to account for the defect.

2d. Because, that if no such testimony had been adduced, the deficiency should be supposed to have proceeded from the involuntary omission of the inspectors or clerks who kept the poll, not to fraud, which is always to be proved, never to be presumed.

3d. Because, that to thus set aside the candidate who has the highest number of votes, and in his place to introduce another who is confessedly lower in number of votes, under pretence of irregularity, when the merits can be ascertained, is a very dangerous precedent, and may be productive of the most alarming consequences, as it holds out a strong temptation to the officers of elections to contrive irregularities, with design to bring on controversies of this nature before the General Assembly.

4th. Because, that if the irregularities in any election by ballot be of such a nature as to render the event uncertain, they ought to operate to the setting aside the persons returned, and to the directing of a new election. In this case, the tickets beyond the number of names that appeared on the poll lists, for aught that appears, might contain the name of William Maclay, or not have the name of Daniel Montgomery on them.

5th. Because we consider the vote as destructive to the rights of the people, and as designed to lead this House to assume to itself inherent and unalienable rights of the freemen of Northumberland county, of electing a representative in the legislature, and as an unwarrantable usurpation of the most dangerous tendency; and we wish to lessen the weight thereof by subscribing our names to these reasons of dissent.

John Clark,	James M'Calmont,
John Smith,	Benjamin Rittenhouse,
Frederick Watts,	James Irvine,
Robert Whitehill,	William Findley,
Abraham Smith,	David Davis,
Adam Orth,	Baltzer Gehr,
Joseph Thomas,	Henry Spyker,
John Piper,	William Todd,
David Krouse,	John Carothers,
Robert Clark,	Abraham Lincoln,
John Rhea,	Nicholas Lutz,
John Smilie,	Philip Kreemer.
John M'Dowell,	

From the NEW-JERSEY GAZETTE.

PRIMITIVE WHIG No. V.

In the multitude of people is the king's honor; but in the want of people is the destruction of the prince.

SOLOMON.

COULD I be really persuaded that a new emission of paper money, would neither promote private fraud, nor public discredit, I am sure that I should not be against the measure. As to personal interest in the matter, I have none. I have already been cheated out of all the money I had, by those who could pacify their consciences by what they called, *taking the benefit of the law*. God grant that their consciences may be properly alarmed before they launch into that awful eternity, where the defrauding one's neighbour, either under colour, or express authority of human laws, will not be received as a justification of the sin. But the more I think of the matter, the more apprehensive I am of its pernicious consequences. Among the numerous other reasons that I have against it, I am certain that it will discourage the settlement of foreigners amongst us. Smitten with the charms of such free and liberal constitutions as those of the United States; and in which even the taxes occasioned by the late war are nothing compared to those in any part of Europe in time of profound peace, there are thousands in that quarter of the globe, who want to transport themselves into North-America. Gentlemen of middling fortunes who can make no figure *there*, would *here*, with the same fortune, make a brilliant one. Instead of *these* receiving four or five per cent for the loan of their money, they would *here*, receive seven. And the debts occasioned by the late war once discharged, our taxes thereafter will be a mere trifle. All this they know, and for this they pant to spend the remainder of their days in this land of liberty and plenty. But they are told, and the English are not wanting in reiterating the tale with exageration, that, in this country, there is no security for property, no stability in public bodies as to the redemption of paper currency emitted upon the most solemn assurances; and that if they should let out their money at interest, they would in all probability never see it again. There is too much truth in this tale, tho' it is told with exaggeration. And will such monied-men, after a tale so told, come to settle amonst us? They will not. And yet would not one such man be more advantageous to this country than some twenty of those who are clamouring for paper money to cheat their fellow-citizens. They would. Population, says the motto of my paper, and it is taken from the wisest man that ever lived, constitutes the riches of a country.--We have an immense territory to settle. How do we settle it? Not by a proper encouragement of the influx of foreigners, who would be a real addition to our strength; but by schemers and projectors on the one hand, who, I suppose want to be petty princes in the western country, and lords paramount upon some of the lakes; and on the other hand, by those who are running away from public taxes, and private debts. Thus we diminish our internal strength under the notion of extending our dominions. We injudiciously separate that emblematical bunch of rods of the United Netherlands, which collectively is strong and infrangible; but disparted, weak and contemptible. What are we to expect from settlers in the back country? What from people emigrating thither without carrying with them either law or gospel; and telling us as soon as they get there, *procul a Jove, procul a Falmine*? We might, in case of a war, as reasonably expect assistance by calling for it, upon the inhabitants of China, as upon those of Kentucke and along the eastern banks of the Ohio. We ought as soon to expect the payment of our taxes by the Great Mogul, as by the borderers on Lake Superior. I hope that the Indians will not knock these emigrants on the head for settling lands for which they say they have never been paid; and of which they certainly were the prime occupants. The Indians, though cruel in war (such is their manner of warring, and Achilles and Hector waged it in like manner) are generally honest men. I wish the whites were as honest. They part with their lands for a trifling consideration. Let us rather pay them that consideration out of policy than provoke the elevation of their tomahawks against the heads of our citizens. Rather let us pay it from principle than unjustly possess ourselves of what is theirs. *The heaven is the Lord's; but the earth hath he given to the children of men.* That part of the earth now in question, belongs to that part of the children of men. They were there when we came here. Possession, say the Lawyers, is eleven points of the law. At any rate, it is a good title against intruders, who pretend to no other but their intrusion. But an honest man will not desire to wrest from them their possessions by force. William Penn, one of the wisest of Legislators, and one of the most conscientious of men in the world, did not. Why the descendants of this great and good man were lately stripped of their patrimony by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I will not take upon me to determine. It is above my comprehension; and said King James I. of England, the *arcana imperii* are inscrutable, save by those who hold the reigns of government, and doubtless this Monarch was as great a Mercury as his preceptor Buchanan could make *ex quovis ligno*. Sure, however, I am, that the preamble to the act that so stripped them of their property, doth not determine the justice of it to my satisfaction. I return from all my digressions, and asking the reader's pardon for having made them, I say that the future glory and riches of these states, will eminently depend upon their population. That we ought therefore for this purpose, to give the greatest possible encouragement to the influx of foreigners. But that our system of a paper currency will eternally discourage such influx; and that it consequently is an argument against the further emission of such paper currency.

This Day is PUBLISHED,
(Price One Quarter of a Dollar)

Dissertations on *Government*,

The affairs of the Bank, and Paper Money, addressed to the people of Pennsylvania, on the present state of their affairs.

By the Author of Common Sense.

Sold by *Robert Aitkin, William Pritchard* and *Hall* and *Sellers*, Market-street. Where also may be had,

(Price one quarter of a dollar) some remaining copies of

A Letter to the ABBE RAYNAL,

On the affairs of North-America.

By the Author of Common Sense.

Just Published, and to be Sold by
Robert Aitkin and *Francis Bailey*, Printers, in Market-street; and *Thomas Dobson*, Bookseller, in Second-street,
(Price Four Dollars)

THE HISTORY OF THE

REVOLUTION

OF

SOUTH-CAROLINA

From a British Province to an Independent State.

BY DAVID RAMSEY, M. D.

Member of the American Congress. In two volumes.

Philadelphia, February 13, 1786.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, (by adjournment) will be exposed to sale by public vendue, at the Old Coffee-house, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of March next, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain two story Brick HOUSE, two story Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, situate on the north side of Shippen-street, between Front and Second-streets, in the district of Southwark, and county of Philadelphia, being about 18 feet 6 inches front, on Shippen-street aforesaid, and 60 feet in depth; bounded Eastward by Captain Park's House and Lot, southward by Shippen-street, &c. This and the adjacent house and lot are subject to a Ground-Rent of 9l. 10s. Sterling per annum: taken in execution, and sold as part of the estate of Joseph Falconer, deceased, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 15, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, on WEDNESDAY, the first day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Coffee-house, in the city of Philadelphia, a Lot or piece of Land, situate, lying and being in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, on Turner's Lane, about midway between the Wissahickon and Germantown roads, containing about eleven acres; bounded by Cohockfink creek, Turner's road, &c. on which is a small Brick House, a wooden Stable, with a good Orchard and Garden; the greatest part of the Land is good watered Meadow, and is a beautiful situation for a country seat; and to be sold as part of the real estate of Peter Turner, deceased, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 15, 1786.

BY virtue of of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the old Coffee-house, in the city of Philadelphia, a certain two story stone House, a good stone spring-house, with other improvements, and Lot or piece of Ground, containing about two acres; situate, lying and being in Bristol township, on the road leading from Germantown to Jenkintown, where the Lime Kiln road crosses the same, being about 8 miles from the city of Philadelphia: it is a good stand for a store or any other kind of public business, taken in execution as the property of James Lukens, and to be sold by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 17, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, on SATURDAY, the 4th of March next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the Old Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, a certain lot of ground, situate, lying and being on the east side of Front-street (near Pool's bridge) in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, being 34 feet on Front-street aforesaid, and extending in depth about 145 feet to Oak-street; bounded eastward by Oak-street aforesaid, westward by Front-street, southward by ground of William Fisher, Esq; and northward by ground of the heirs of Alexander Huston, deceased; on which is erected a new two story brick house and two story kitchen, with the appurtenances; subject to a ground-rent of 34l. per annum; taken in execution, and sold as the property of Nicholas Brum, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

To be Sold at Private Sale,

THE valuable mills in Allen-town, containing two pair of stones, one of which is an excellent pair of burs, with two reels in the merchant box, two ditto, one for country work and one for corn, with an excellent kiln for drying corn for exportation, two good dwelling houses, spring-house, barn and out houses, with thirty-five acres of land, fourteen acres of which is excellent meadow, all joining the above premises, with seven acres of woodland within two miles of the same; the above premises are in an excellent part of the country for merchant and country work, and all in good repair. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, and the payment will be made easy, by applying to the subscriber on the premises. PETER IMLAY.

Allen-town, New-Jersey, Feb. 13, 1786.

TO BE SOLD,

A House and lot on the east side of Third-street, between Race and Vine-streets; the lot 26 feet front, and 196 feet deep. Also, a plantation, situate in Germantown, containing 32 acres, more or less, 6 acres of meadow, which may be well watered, 6 acres of orchard containing both summer and winter apples, with a good house, store and barn. Any person inclining to purchase either of the above premises, may be further informed by applying to Peter Buckius, in Third-street, next door to the Black Eagle, or to William Piper, next door to the Red-Lion, in Second-street, Philadelphia. ¶

CAME to the house of the subscriber, at the sign of the Black Ball, in Third-street, near where the barracks formerly stood, the 17th of January last, a certain Henry Hooper, late from New-York, supposed to be an Englishman, who was taken sick the 30th, died the 9th of this inst. and was buried the 11th of this inst. Notice is hereby given to any person or persons whom it may concern, that if they will appear, and discharge the costs attending his sickness and funeral, they shall have his chest, cloaths and other articles in my possession, and if not, they will be sold by public vendue, to defray said costs, on the 13th of March next, by SOLOMON SELL.

WHEREAS a certain Leonard Diller hath obtained a note from me the subscriber, dated the 3d December, 1785, for the payment of thirteen pounds on the first day of May then next. And whereas I have not received any consideration for said note from the aforesaid Leonard Diller: These are therefore to forewarn all persons not to take any assignment of the said note, as I am determined not to pay the same.

Lancaster, Feb. 8, 1786. ¶ VALENTINE FANK.

PROVIDENCE, *January* 28.

A correſpondent at Rehoboth deſires us to mention, that a very ſimple remedy has lately been diſcovered for the Throat-Diſeaſe, which for more than two years paſt has prevailed in the Eaſtern ſtates, and proved fatal to vaſt numbers of children, and in ſome inſtances to adult perſons. The medicine is Rum in which Rue has been ſteeped. Adults may generally take it without being mixed; but for children it ſhould be diluted with water, according to their age and ſtrength. Our correſpondent adds, that in the towns of Rehoboth and Attleborough none had died, when this ſimple remedy had been uſed; and ſhould it on future trial prove a ſovereign ſpecific againſt that very dangerous malady, we have only to lament that an earlier diſcovery of it was not made.

February 9. The eſtabliſhing of manufactories in our young country is a matter of the greateſt conſequence; and it muſt give pleaſure to every true citizen to be informed of the ſucceſs of any endeavours for that purpoſe------We therefore, with the greateſt ſatisfaction, inform the public, that the nail manufactory eſtabliſhed in the Eaſt pariſh of the town of Bridgewater is in the moſt flouriſhing ſtate; that in it there was made one morning a few days ſince, before the uſual time of the workmen going to breakfaſt (about 9 o'clock) 61,500 good tenpenny nails---May ſucceſs attend induſtry!

FALMOUTH, *February* 2.

Our brethren, in the Weſt, appear to be mightily puzzled in finding ways and means to ſilence the ſtill, ſmall voice of the three Eaſtern counties, for independence:----They ſometimes ſay that we are troubled with a rebellious diſorder, and kindly preſcribe fire and ſword as the only remedy-----ſometimes that independence won't do yet, call another time, very buſy now; and by the laſt Boſton papers, they are under fearful apprehenſions that Great-Britain is at the bottom of it all---that ſhe means to divide---and then to conquer us; and that if we ſuffer the old Huſſey to ſtrike one ſtroke with her political cleaver (particularly aimed, as this is, at their very Buttocks) ſhe will go on, hewing and ſplitting, till the United States ſhall be reduced to mere match-wood!---This is not the firſt time that innocence hath been wrapped in bear ſkin, and the dogs ſet upon it: 'Tis hoped, however, that the OLD CURS of Maſſachuſetts, by their peculiar ſagacity, will ſcent out the cheat before thy commence the chaſe ---Miſerable hunting on this ſide Piſcataqua-river.---No game---they may depend on it, No game!

NEW-YORK, *February* 10.

Very little is now ſaid by Engliſh newſmakers reſpecting the Algerines. Not above one American ſhip goes to pot in a month ---the ſcare crow growing ſo familiar, that even the Doves, (or rather Dupes) of London, pay it no regard.

Captain M'Neill, of the ſhip Thomas, belonging to Boſton, is arrived in the Weſt-Indies, with a cargo of ſlaves from the African coaſt. Before Capt. M'Neil left the coaſt, Capt. Frazier had ſailed for Holland, with a cargo ſuitable for that market.---Americans! offſpring of the fair Goddeſs of Liberty! let thy curſes be no longer levelled at the unenlightened Algerines!---They are ignorant--but you know that the ſame Almighty Being which created us, created the ſable ſons of Africa, and is no reſpecter of perſons, but delighteth in univerſal benevolence. If theirs is a crime, what is ours?---Conſider, though the Africans are black, they have feelings, and every one whom we "conſign to ſlavery,

"Were once the bleſſing of a father's ſight,
"Once fill'd a mother's boſom with delight?"

Feb. 16. We hear that the houſe of aſſembly have been debating upon the merits and demerits of our old, though rather diſhonorable friend, Mr. Paper Currency.---Whether he ſhall wear the ſame uniform as heretofore, ſeems to have been the grand queſtion. No deciſive bill is yet adopted.

We learn from Philadelphia, that the people in general have found great relief from their new ſource, the no tender paper emiſſion, and that it is taken, without ſcruple, by all claſſes of people, in exchange for the common neceſſaries of life, equal with gold or ſilver, except for the articles of wheat and flour.

Various are the reports from the weſtward, reſpecting the embarraſſments that the new adventurers have and are daily experiencing with the natives, the particulars of which (if there are any particulars) cannot at preſent be aſcertained.

Yeſterday the houſe occupied by the Spaniſh Ambaſſador in this city, caught fire in an upper chamber, but, through the alertneſs of the inhabitants, it was happily extinguiſhed without doing any material injury.

A late Boſton paper contains the following article: "We are informed from good authority, that the much talked of proceſs, reſpecting the extraction of freſh from ſalt water, hath evaporated in fumo! and its projector decamped, to the no ſmall mortification of a worthy and reverend character in a neighbouring country."

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) January 19.

Several country gentlemen, members of the legiſlature, having arrived in this city in the courſe of a few days, a meeting of both branches may be ſoon expected. One great object will be the buſineſs relative to cutting a canal between the Cooper and the Santee, an object of the higheſt importance to this ſtate; indeed this is ſo univerſally allowed, that it is not a queſtion whether ſuch a meaſure ought to take place, the fear is, whether it can be done. Thoſe who deſpond would do well to ſearch for an account of what has been performed in this way by an Engliſhman, named Brindley; this wonderful man conſidered the making navigable canals as a ſcience, in the proſecution of which he had aſtoniſhing ſucceſs. In one particular inſtance he ſucceeded in a deſign, the idea of which would appear too romantic almoſt for belief; in running a canal he was obſtructed by a river, the banks of which appeared to preclude the poſſibility of connecting the natural and artificial channels; animated, rather than diſmayed by this, he ſpeedily threw a caſt iron reſervoir acroſs the river, and it is now common to behold veſſels ſailing along the canal, whilſt others are paſſing underneath. It is with pleaſure we receive information, that a gentleman in this city has prepared a plan for facilitating the before mentioned purpoſe, and means to ſubmit it to the legiſlature for their approbation.

On the 10th, in lat. 33. 5. the Venus ſpoke the ſchooner Sally, from Boſton bound to this port, with a cargoe of molaſſes and rum, had been out 38 days, and being ſhort of proviſions, ſupplied them with a bag of bread and a caſk of water---ſoon afterwards loſt ſight of the ſchooner, which being very ſmall, and the weather ſtormy, it is feared ſhe was loſt.

Jan. 25. There is a letter in town from the governor of Maſſachuſetts, incloſing the recent impoſt law; mentioning that the hopes of Britain to diſtreſs and cramp the trade of this country, were founded on a falſe opinion, that the ſpirit of magnanimity and patriotiſm, which had been diſplayed here during the ſcenes of adverſity, would be quite deſtroyed by proſperity; and concluded with obſerving, that the intereſt of the ſtates loudly called for granting Congreſs a well guarded power to regulate commerce, on which the act of Maſſachuſetts would expire.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 22.

Yeſterday being the day appointed for the meeting of the General Aſſembly of this ſtate, the Speaker and a number of members met accordingly, but not being ſufficient to form a quorum, adjourned until three o'clock this afternoon.

In the Houſe of Aſſembly of the ſtate of New-York, on the 6th inſt. a Bill, entituled "An Act for emitting the ſum of 200,000 l. in bills of credit, for the purpoſes therein mentioned," was read the ſecond time, and committed to a committee of the whole houſe.

On the 9th inſtant was interred Mrs. FRANCES BLAIR, of Fogg-Manor, who departed this life the 7th, in the 72d year of her age. Her funeral was attended by a numerous concourſe of the reſpectable inhabitants of the place, and a ſermon ſuitable to the occaſion was preached by the Rev. ROBERT SMITH, from Gen. xlix. 18th. *I have waited for thy ſalvation, O Lord.*

Early piety, a ſteady adherence to religion for fifty-eight years, and extraordinary family œconomy, conducted with decency and liberality, marked and adorned this ancient Lady's character. She was a moſt affectionate wife, a ſtrictly virtuous widow, and a very tender and provident parent. "Precious in the ſight of the Lord, is the death of his ſaints;" and Mrs. BLAIR's comfortable death was, no doubt, the precious reward of a long life ſpent in communion with God, and ſervices done for him. Her truly remarkable patience and humility during her laſt illneſs, and unſhaken faith in her intereſt in the Saviour's love, afforded convincing evidence of the power of real chriſtianity, and ſtrongly recommended it to the choice of all around her. Thus lived, and thus died, that noted mother in Iſrael.

A Correſpondent obſerves,-----It muſt afford pleaſure to a humane mind, to reflect how many of thoſe who formerly kept their fellow-creatures in ſlavery have been convinced of the iniquity of the practice, and have evinced their ſincerity, by reſtoring to freedom thoſe whom they had held in bondage.

Of the writers who have appeared as advocates for the oppreſſed Africans and their deſcendants, perhaps none have been more zealous and ſucceſsful in their cauſe than one who long reſided in this city, and was one of its greateſt ornaments, the humane and virtuous ANTHONY BENEZET, of whom it may be truly ſaid, that his love extended to all the human race. He had a juſt ſenſe of the cruelty and injuſtice of the African trade, and was indefatigable in his endeavours to diſſuade people from a practice diſſonant to the dictates of humanity, and ſo diametrically oppoſite to the principles of the chriſtian religion. A great portion of his time was ſpent in writing and publiſhing books againſt this unrighteous traffic, which, with his other writings on religious ſubjects, there is abundant reaſon to believe has been of eſſential and extenſive benefit to mankind. He had the cauſe of this oppreſſed people much at heart, which occaſioned his writing on their behalf to many perſons in different parts of the world, who, from ſentiments congenial with his own, had engaged in the ſame cauſe; and alſo to ſome, whoſe conſpicuous ſituations in life afforded them opportunities to promote his benevolent views. Amongſt the latter was the Queen of Great-Britain, of whoſe character he had received a favorable impreſſion from the concurrent teſtimony of the inhabitants of Britain, that ſhe poſſeſſed in an eminent degree that benign diſpoſition, which adds luſtre to a crown. The letter he wrote to her, together with ſome books of a pious tendency, was ſent to ſome of his friends in London, who delivered them to the Queen, by whom they were kindly accepted. After reading the letter, ſhe ſpoke in terms expreſſive of the high eſtimation in which ſhe held the writer, from a perſuaſion *that he was truly a good man.*

A copy of the letter is ſubjoined, which it is hoped will have a tendency to inſpire thoſe who read it with the love of juſtice.

To Charlotte, Queen of Great-Britain.

"IMPRESSED with a ſenſe of religious duty, and encouraged by the opinion generally entertained of thy benevolent diſpoſition to ſuccour the diſtreſſed, I take the liberty very reſpectfully to offer to thy peruſal ſome tracts, which I believe faithfully deſcribe the ſuffering condition of many hundred thouſands of our fellow-creatures of the African race, great numbers of whom, ſent from every tender connection in life, are annually taken from their native land, to endure in the American iſlands and plantations a moſt cruel and rigorous ſlavery, whereby many, very many of them, are brought to a melancholy and untimely end.

"When it is conſidered that the inhabitants of Britain, who are themſelves ſo eminently bleſſed in the enjoyment of religious and civil liberty, have long been and yet are very deeply concerned in this flagrant violation of the common rights of mankind, and even that its national authority is exerted in ſupport of the African ſlave trade, there is much reaſon to apprehend that this has been, and as long as the evil exiſts, will continue to be, an occaſion of drawing down the Divine diſpleaſure on the nation and its dependencies. May theſe conſiderations induce thee to interpoſe thy kind endeavours in behalf of this greatly oppreſſed people, whoſe abject ſituation gives them an additional claim to the pity and aſſiſtance of the generous mind (inaſmuch as they are altogether deprived of the means of ſoliciting effectual relief for themſelves) that ſo thou may not only be a bleſſed inſtrument in the hand of him, "*by whom kings reign and princes decree juſtice,*" to avert the awful judgments by which the empire has already been ſo remarkably ſhaken, but that the bleſſings of thouſands ready to periſh may come upon thee, at a time when the ſuperior advantages attendant on thy ſituation in this world will no longer be of any avail to thy conſolation or ſupport.

"To the tracts on the ſubject to which I have thus ventured to crave thy particular attention, I have added ſome others, which, at different times, I have believed it my duty to publiſh, and which I truſt will afford thee ſome ſatisfaction, their deſign being for the furtherance of that univerſal peace and good-will amongſt men, which the Goſpel was intended to introduce.

"I hope thou wilt kindly excuſe the freedom uſed on this occaſion by an ancient man, whoſe mind for more than forty years paſt has been much ſeparated from the common courſe of the world, and long painfully exerciſed in the conſideration of the miſeries under which ſo large a part of mankind, equally with us the objects of redeeming love, are ſuffering the moſt unjuſt and grievous oppreſſion, and who ſincerely wiſhes the temporal and eternal felicity of the queen and her royal conſort.

ANTHONY BENEZET."

Philadelphia, 25th of the 8th month, 1783.

THE ANNUAL ORATION will be delivered on Monday evening, the 27th inſtant, before the Philoſophical Society, in the Hall of the Univerſity, by Doctor RUSH.

The doors will be opened at ſix, and the oration will begin preciſely at ſeven o'clock. Ladies and Gentlemen may be provided with tickets of admiſſion, gratis, by applying to Dr. Hutchinſon, Dr. Magaw, Dr. Foulk or Mr. Patterſon, Secretaries.

The officers and members of the Society are requeſted to attend at their uſual place of meeting, at half after ſix on the ſame evening, in order to proceed together into the Hall.

Feb. 22, 1786. ROBERT PATTERSON, Secretary.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 20th day of March next (if not ſold before by private SALE,)

A PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, containing 51 acres, ſituate in Providence townſhip, Montgomery county, about 23 miles from Philadelphia, and 6 from the town of Norris, whereon is a large commodious ſtone barn, well finiſhed, good dwelling-houſe, ſmith's ſhop, a well of good water near the door, good bearing orchard, and a good proportion of meadow of the beſt quality; the upland rich and fertile, it having been well manured with lime and dung. This place is ſituate on a public road, within a mile of two merchant-mills, and adjoining Perkioming creek, and is accounted, by good judges, to be equal to any place of its ſize in the neighbourhood; is very ſuitable for a tradeſman, particularly a ſmith, that buſineſs having been for many years carried on there to advantage. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be ſhewn the premiſes and informed of the title and terms of ſale, by applying to Iſrael Jacobs or Michael Horning, living near the ſame.

Feb. 10, 1786. ¶ PETER HORNING.

N. B. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock on the premiſes.

On *FRIDAY* next,

Preciſely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general

Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

WANTED at the Delaware Works,

A Number of regularly bred nailors, to be employed in a Nail Factory: Wanted alſo, a number of boys, of eleven years of age and upwards, as apprentices, to be bred to the nailing buſineſs: Such boys will be properly maintained, will be taught to read, write and cypher, and at the end of their apprenticeſhip will receive the uſual freedom dues, and alſo twenty dollars in ſpecie. For more particular information, apply to Mr. William Young, at the works, Mr. John Litle, in Philadelphia, at Mr. Richard Humphreys's, in Sixth ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, James Moore, Eſq; in Cheſter county, or Mr. Thomas Haſtings, at cooper's ferry. JOHN LITLE, & Co.

February 16th, 1786.

BY virtue of an order of the orphans court, will be ſold by public vendue, on Thurſday, the 9th of March next, on the premiſes, a lot of land, ſituate in Pickis's lane, Germantown, containing better than ten acres of Meadow and plough land, being part of the eſtate of the late George Pickis, deceaſed. The vendue will begin at two o'clock in the afternoon. When attendance will be given, and the terms of ſale made known, by

February 21, 1786. ¶ ANN PICKIS, Adminiſtratrix.

TO BE LETT,

A Convenient HOUSE, two ſtories high, and a Lot ſufficient to make a large garden, fronting on Third ſtreet and Poplar-lane, has a well of good water at the kitchen door, that may be uſed in waſhing. Sundry Lots to lett on ground-rent in the Northern Liberties, ſome of them ſuitable for tanners.

To be SOLD, twelve acres of MEADOW on Tinicum-iſland. Alſo a quantity of meadow and upland HAY, well cured.

Likewiſe an aſſortment of DRY GOODS, among which are, beſt ſuperfine and ſecond broadcloths, rattinets, durants, hairbines, ſaggathies, ſilk marſeilles quilting, ſuſtians and jeans, corduroys, beſt ſcarf twiſt, ſewing ſilk, calimancoes, crapes, verdigreaſe, red and white lead, powder, ſhot, pipes, ſhovels and ſpades, frying-pans, calicoes, checks, moreens, Scots threads, with ſundry other goods, to be diſpoſed of, on low terms, by

WILLIAM CRAIG,

In Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe. ¶

To be SOLD, at public Sale,

On the 15th day of March next, as I have declined farming ſome time paſt,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, part in Goſhen, and part in Williſtown, in Cheſter county, within one mile of Goſhen meeting-houſe, upwards of 100 acres of good land, well timbered and watered, whereon is a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, cellared all under, a good kitchen, barn, and ſtone ſpring-houſe near the dwelling-houſe, a large garden lately pailed, and a good well near the door, upwards of 20 acres of good meadow, chiefly watered, and more may be made and watered at a ſmall expence, a good bearing orchard, ſome of the land has been well limed; there is plenty of lime to be had within three miles; there is a convenient place for a ſaw-mill or a fulling-mill, as there is a ſmall race dug, and about 12 feet fall. The whole in good repair, and now in tenure of John Hoops and Eliſha Goodwin. The title good. Any perſon or perſons inclining to view the place before the day of ſale, may apply to the owner, near the place. The ſale to begin at 2 o'clock, where the conditions will be made known, by ¶ ISAAC WILLIAMS.

N. B. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion the firſt of April.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, in Norriton townſhip, Montgomery county, about 19 miles from the city of Philadelphia, and two and an half from the county town, conſiſting of 100 acres, 20 of which are woodland, 14 moſt excellent watered meadow, and the remainder arable land; the whole under good fence. The improvements are a ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, &c. ſubject to a yearly ground rent of 41. For terms, apply to Col. Thomas Craig, on the Reading road, or to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia. THOMAS L. MOORE.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On Tueſday, the 21ſt day of March next, at one o'clock, P. M. at the Red Lion, in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county,

A PLANTATION or Tract of Land, ſituate in Benſalem, near the 14 mile ſtone, one mile from Delaware, where Abraham Vandegrift, deceaſed, formerly lived, containing 165 acres; bounded by lands of Jacob Vandegrift, Folcart Vandegrift, and others. The ſoil is exceeding good for wheat or other grain. There are about 100 acres of plow land, 15 acres of meadow, the remainder woodland; and there is erected on the premiſes a dwelling-houſe, kitchen, a good frame barn, barracks, a well of good water near the door, and a good garden; alſo a number of fruit trees, ſuch as apples, peaches, pears and cherries. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe will be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to John Vandegrift or Jacob Vandegrift, adjoining the premiſes. The conditions will be made known at the time of ſale, by JOHN VANDEGRIFT,

Feb. 20, 1786. ¶ JACOB VANDEGRIFT.

Darby, Cheſter county, Second month 6th, 1786.

WAS taken up, treſpaſſing within the ſubſcriber's incloſure, a bay MARE, 14 hands high, has neither brand or natural marks, ſuppoſed about 9 years old. The owner is deſired to apply to me in Darby, take his mare, and pay the charges. ¶ JOSIAH BUNTING.

Philadelphia, February 17, 1786.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOSEPH RUSH, late Coroner of this city and county, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to deliver them in, properly atteſted. Attendance will be given at his late dwelling, the ſign of the Red Lion, by MARY RUSH, Executrix,

¶ GEORGE INGELS, Executor.

TEN POUNDS *Reward.*

BROKE goal and made their eſcape, laſt night, from Cheſter town, in Kent, and ſtate of Maryland, two Negroe men, viz. Sam. Ben, a young fellow, ſhort but well made, fond of ſpirituous liquors, and is apt to get drunk, has been a ſoldier in the continental army; had on, when he went away, a ſhort red ſoldier coat, the other parts of his dreſs unknown, he is rather yellow than black, and is very healthy. The other named Pompey, a ſlave belonging to John Galloway, Eſq; a healthy young fellow, about five feet ten inches high, pretty bold countenance, and thick lips; had on a country kerſey over jacket, and breeches of the ſame, both white. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroes, and delivers them ſafe into the hands of Robert Roberts, in Cheſter-town, ſhall receive the above reward, or one half that ſum if they be ſecured in any goal, ſo the ſubſcriber may get them again, and in the ſame proportion for either of them, paid by GEORGE HANSON, ſheriff of Kent county.

Cheſter-town, Feb. 9, 1786, ¶

Advertiſements omitted this week will be inſerted in o[ur] [n]ext.

THE creditors of John Garnise, late of Philadelphia, are requested to bring in their accounts, properly attested, on or before the 1st March next, preparatory to making a dividend of the effects of said John Garnise, at the store of John Greenfield, in Front near Arch-street.

JOHN GREENFIELD,)
Philad. February 6th, 1786. ¶ THOMAS PAUL,) Assignees.
PHILIP NICKLIN,)

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

On the 9th day of the 3d month, on the premises, pursuant to the last will and testament of Thomas Stackhouse, late of Bristol township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, deceased,

A Valuable plantation, situate in Bristol township, about 23 miles from Philadelphia, and 3 and an half from the borough of Bristol, and within 2 miles of a good landing on Delaware river, containing 170 acres of land; the plough land is of a good soil for grain or grass, about 100 acres cleared, 30 acres of meadow, a large bearing orchard noted for making good cyder. There is on the said premises a frame house, two rooms on a floor, cellar, kitchen, and a well of good water at the door, a frame barn, stables, waggon-house, and other convenient out buildings, all in good repair; the purchaser may have possession, and an indisputable title, immediately after the sale. Attendance will be given, and the conditions of sale made known, by

JOHN BROWN,) Executors.
WILLIAM STACKHOUSE,)

Bristol township, the 9th of the 2d month, 1786. ¶

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 25th instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage, with convenient out houses, and 100 acres, more or less thereunto appertaining, situate in the township of West Nantmill; bounded by lands of Joseph Darlington, lands late of Samuel M'Elduff, deceased, and others; this place has been for many years occupied as a public house, and is situate on a very public road leading from Downing's town to Grubb's iron works, &c. and where the public call now requires a public house; late the estate of Robert Darlington, but taken in execution at the suit of Mordecai Pearsol, and others, and to be sold, by

Chester, February 6th, 1786. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Red Lion, in Uwchland (by adjournment) on Wednesday, the 8th day of March ensuing, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, a messuage and tract of land, situate in the township of Uwchland, containing 126 acres, more or less; bounded by lands late of John Evans, deceased, and by Brandywine creek; a considerable part of this land is fresh, has good convenience of meadow, and plenty of timber; late the estate of Mordecai Evans, deceased, but taken in execution at the suit of Isaac Grubb, executor of Mary Grubb, and to be sold, by

Chester, February 10th, 1786. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Red Lion, in Uwchland, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March ensuing, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon, a messuage and tract of land, containing 100 acres, more or less, situate in the township of East Caln; bounded by lands of Lewis Gavell, Samuel Hibberd, Joseph Bolton and others; this tract abounds in timber, which is now very valuable, being about 1 mile distant from Hibberd's forge; late the estate of Samuel Kissock, deceased, but taken in execution at the suit of William Owen, and to be sold, by

Chester, February 10th, 1786. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, February 8, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 28th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Charles Fleming, innkeeper, in Nockamixon township, 100 acres of land, be the same more or less, situate in Nockamixon aforesaid; on which there is a log dwelling-house and barn, a well of water at the door, 6 acres of good meadow, 10 acres of upland cleared, the remainder well timbered; adjoining lands of John Adams, the widow Campbell, and others; taken in execution as the property of Joseph Wilson, and to be sold, by

¶ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newton, Bucks County, February 8, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 3d day of March next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain tract or parcel of land, containing 249 acres, be the same more or less, situate in Rockhill township; bounded by lands of Joseph Hornecker, Nicholas Fisher, Henry Fretts, and others; taken in execution as the property of Thomas Mayberry, the younger, and to be sold, by † WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, February 8, 1786.

BY virtue of a warrant from the Commissioners of the county of Bucks, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, on Saturday, the 4th day of March next, 100 acres of land, be the same more or less, situate in the township of Lower Makefield; having thereon a good brick house, two stories high, a good frame barn, &c. as also, horses, horned cattle, sheep and swine; late the property of Abner Palmer. † WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, February 8, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 6th day of March next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain messuage, tenement and plantation, situate in Falls township, containing 51 acres and an half, be it more or less; bounded by lands of Edward Lucas, Nehemiah Blackshaw, and others; late the estate of Daniel Wharton; taken in execution at the suit of John Knowles, and to be sold, by

¶ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, February 8, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 7th of March next, on the premises, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, two certain messuages or tenements, grist-mill, saw-mill, and tract of land, containing 62 acres, be the same more or less, situate in Southampton township; bounded by lands of William Groom, ---- Brooks, and others; late the estate of Thomas Groom; taken in execution at the suit of the Executors of Joseph Warner, and to be sold, by † WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Lancaster, State of Pennsylvania, Feb. 15, 1786.

COMMITTED to the goal in the borough of Lancaster, a certain Mulatto man, named BENJAMIN KITT, supposed to be a slave, about 5 feet 7 inches high, and who acknowledges he is a servant to Nathan Cooper, at Black river, within 8 miles of Morris-town, New-Jersey. The master of said servant is requested to have him released from confinement, otherwise he will be sold for fees within four weeks from the date hereof. † JOHN OFFNER, Goaler.

Philadelphia, Feb. 13, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, (by adjournment) will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on Saturday, the 25th inst. at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Old Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, A certain tract, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Upper Merion, bounding on the river Schuylkill, and by lands of John Rees, William Custard, and others, containing about 24 acres, seven of which are upland meadow; on said tract are, a dwelling-house, also a stone grist-mill, with two pair of stones (one of which are burrs) three boulting cloths, and a never failing stream of water, a saw-mill, a large new stone barn, 40 feet long and 30 feet wide, a cedar roof, two good orchards of the best grafted fruit-trees, a lime-stone quarry, &c. distant about fourteen miles from the city of Philadelphia, and conveniently and beautifully situated; taken in execution, and sold as the property of John Roberts, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, February 14, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the old Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the first day of March next, at five o'clock in the afternoon, a certain three story Brick House, two story Brick Kitchen, with a bake oven, two story frame stable, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate, lying and being in the northern liberties of the city of Philadelphia, on the south side of Callowhill street, between Front and new Market-streets, containing in breadth east and west 20 feet, and in length north and south 80 feet; bounded northward by Callowhill-street aforesaid, and by lots laid out for John Price, Jacob Cadrop and William Pywell; subject to a ground rent of Forty shillings sterl. per annum; taken in execution as the estate of Martin Noll, late deceased, and to be sold, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Pursuant to the last will and testament

of JOSHUA THOMSON, deceased, is to be SOLD, by Public Vendue, on the 4th of the 3d month next,

A PLANTATION in Goshen township, Chester county, within about a mile and a half of the new court-house, on the road from Wilmington leading to the Great Valley, containing 100 acres, one third of which is well timbered; there are on the premises, a log dwelling-house and barn, a good bearing orchard, a good spring near the door, and several acres of mowable meadow. The title is indisputable. Due attendance is intended to be given, and the conditions made known, at the time of sale, by

THOMAS HOOPES,)
2d Mo. 6, 1786. ¶ JOHN HOOPES,) Execut.

P. BARRIERE, & Co.

Have for sale, at their store in Water-street, the 13th door above Market-street, on the right hand side, which store has also an opening on Bickley's wharff, the following articles, viz.

JAMAICA Spirits in hogsheads,
Coniac and other Brandy in pipes,
Lisbon Wine in hogsheads and quarter-casks,
Sherry Wine in quarter-casks,
Claret in bottles, by the dozen or larger quantity,
Brown Sugar in barrels,
Coffee in ditto.

*** A new three story brick HOUSE, in Union, between Third and Fourth-streets, to be sold or lett, apply to said Barriere, and Co. who will take goods in payment, provided they are in the line of their trade.

WANTED to purchase, a PLANTATION, of about 150 acres of land in Pennsylvania, at a distance not more than 15 miles from Philadelphia. Apply as above. ¶ 4w.

TO BE LETT,

And may entered on the first Day of next Month,

A GARDEN LOT, and Dwelling-house of four Rooms, with Cellar, Oven, &c. situate on Spruce and Broad-streets, to the westward of the House of Employment. Apply to

¶ THOMAS MORRIS.

Philad. 2d Month 10th, 1786.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

WAS left, the 25th of August last, at night, in the township of Burlington, by a woman passing along to Philadelphia, a CHILD, about six weeks old. She was seen at Cooper's ferry, and went over to the Old-Ferry at Philadelphia. She is a small woman, and had on a linsey petticoat and gown, and white bonnet. Any person that will take up the said woman, proving her to be the mother of the child, shall receive the above reward, paid by the Overseers of the Poor of Burlington.

Burlington, February 1st, 1786. ¶ ANDREW CRAIG, ABRAHAM STOGDON.

Burlington county, State of New-Jersey, Feb. 14, 1786.

TO BE LETT,

For four years, and may be entered on immediately, at Moore's town, about nine miles from Cooper's ferry, on the road leading to Mount-holly,

AN elegant, commodious, two story stone house and store, pork-house, with a cellar under it, smoke-house, hay-house and stables, with a pump of good water before the door. To the foregoing is annexed a lot of two acres, whereon there is an orchard of excellent fruit, and a beautiful garden. It has been a noted stand for a store many years, and surrounded by a wealthy flourishing country, which makes it an eligible residence for a merchant. For terms, enquire of JACOB CLEMENTS, in Water-street, nearly opposite the Old Ferry, or to DANIEL DE BENNEVILLE, near the premises.

TO BE SOLD,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, in Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of this instant, if not sold before at private sale,

ONE Hundred and Sixty-eight and a quarter acres of patented LAND, situated on the waters of Coxe's Creek, in Turkey-foot township, Bedford county.

284 acres of patented LAND, in Quemahoining township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of Dr. Smith, 6 miles north-west of John Miller's Tavern.

311 acres patented LAND, on the east side of Quemahoining, 1 mile above Hicking Pauling's old town, 4 miles south-west of the junction of that Creek and Stony Creek, near the last mentioned tract.

1700 acres of land in Hurst township, situated on the waters of Stony Creek, in the county of Bedford, adjoining Armstrong and Root's improvement, being part of Hurst's tract of 8388 acres; also one fifth part of 1000 acres, in company with William Jones, in Bedford county; and John Vanderen's right to 1800 acres of land in Westmoreland county.

350 acres in Bedford, and 2428 acres in Northumberland.

10,000 acres of patented land on the waters of the Kenhawa and Ohio rivers, in Harrison county, Virginia.

JOSIAH HEWES, SAMUEL GARRIGUES, ISAAC MELCHER, EDMOND MILNE, Assignees of John Vanderen, junior. Feb. 1786.

LAND-OFFICE, February 3, 1786.

THE Public will take NOTICE,

That, pursuant to further instructions received by the Subscribers from the Supreme Executive Council, the Sale of District No. IV. *(being James Cunningham's) will begin after the first Day of March next, as soon as the sale of the parts of* District No. III. *surveyed by Messrs. William Alexander and Samuel Nicholson, shall be compleated, agreeable to the hand-bill published on the 22d of December last. For a particular description of the lands contained within these Districts, the Public are referred to the general plans, to be fixed up in the Coffee-House.*

JOHN LUKENS, Surveyor General,
DAVID KENNEDY, Secretary,
FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Reg. Gen.

North Susquehanna hundred, Cecil county, Maryland, February 10th, 1786.

TO BE SOLD,

On the premises, by public vendue, on Friday, the 10th day of March next,

A Plantation or tract of land, situate in said hundred, containing 260 acres. The soil is naturally good, and a large quantity of the tract is excellent woodland; a quantity of meadow made, and more may be made. There is on said tract a good stone house, two stories high, log barn and stables, still and other out houses, a peach orchard, and an excellent young apple ditto, that of late has produced upwards of 100 barrels of cyder in the season, the whole in good repair and very convenient to market, being situate on the great road leading from Lancaster to Charlestown, 7 miles from the latter, in a good neighbourhood and healthy part of the country, near several places of worship and merchant mills. A small part of the purchase money must be paid in hand, and a sufficient time given to pay the remainder, the purchaser giving bonds, with approved security. An indisputable title will be made, and immediate possession given, by

ROBERT GLASGOW,
¶ JOSHUA HARTSHORN.

TO BE LETT,

For the Term of TWO YEARS, and may be entered on the Twenty-fifth of March next,

A WELL finished DWELLING-HOUSE & STORE, three grass lots, together with a good barn, stables, chair-house, a good garden, a small bearing orchard of excellent fruit, and a well of good water near the door, at present under the tenure of Mr. John Martin, who has kept store there several years. The above mentioned places are situated in a healthy part of the township of Pittsgrove, in the county of Salem, state of New-Jersey, near to several places of worship, also near to a grist-mill and saw-mill. For further information, enquire of Jesse Rambo, near the premises, or the subscriber, near Mantua creek bridge, at the sign of the Heart and Hand, in the county of Gloucester.

February 8th, 1786. § JOHN RAMBO.

TEN POUNDS Reward.
A ROBBERY

WAS committed at the store of Beswick and Pryor, at Corryell's ferry, in Bucks county, on the night of the 15th of May last, by a certain John Pettit, Ulysses Kinsey, and a negro lad belonging to William Pettit, who stole out of said store sundry goods and a considerable sum of money, two of whom are since apprehended, viz. John Pettit and the negro, the other has run off. Said Kinsey is a stout well set fellow, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, wears his own light brown hair, appears to be 24 years of age, his wearing apparel unknown, is a fuller by trade, and has lately followed his business near Trenton, in Jersey. Whoever takes up said thief, and secures him in any gaol, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

Corryell's ferry, Feb. 2d, 1786. BESWICK & PRYOR. ¶

Chester, January 31, 1786.

BY virtue of sundry writs to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court-house in the borough of Chester, on Wednesday, the first day of March ensuing, all the right, title, interest and estate of Jacob Humphreys (for the term of his natural life only) in a certain Messuage, Fulling-mill and 60 acres of Land, well improved, thereunto appertaining, situate in the township of Haverford, being part of the real estate late of Edward Humphreys, deceased, and by him devised unto the said Jacob Humphreys, to be by him enjoyed after the decease of Elizabeth and Rebecca, two sisters of the said Edward. An extract from the last will and testament of the said Edward, taken from the records of the Recorder's office, in Philadelphia, will be produced, for the information of any person inclining to purchase. The said estate seized and taken in execution at the suit of William Ingram, John Jones, and others, and to be sold by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On the sixth day of March next, at ten o' clock, on the premises,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Union township, Berks county, adjoining on the south side of the river Schuylkill, nine miles below Reading-town, and one from Birdsborough iron works, containing two hundred and ninety-five acres of LAND, one hundred and twenty whereof cleared, fourteen acres of which is good meadow, and as much more may be made at a small expence, the land is all fresh, and lies exceeding well for cultivation, and capable of great improvement, being well watered by several springs and streams running through said plantation. Thereon is a good bearing orchard of the best kind of fruit, a convenient dwelling house, with a well of good water at the door, a barn and stabling, with other out houses.

Likewise, an island in Schuylkill, opposite said plantation, containing five acres, now abounding with valuable timber. The title is indisputable, and possession may be had the seventeenth of April next. Any persons inclining to purchase may view the premises, either before or on the day of sale, when the terms will be made known, and due attendance given, by

Feb. 4. ¶ CALEB HARRISON or Sons.

TO BE SOLD or LETT,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Tredyffrin township, Chester county, in the Great Valley, on the road leading to the Valley Forge, and within two miles of the Spread Eagle tavern, containing about 143 acres of good lime stone land, about 60 acres of which is as fine woodland as any in the county, the remainder cleared, some of which is good meadow; there is on the premises a good two story log house, newly shingled, a good barn, stable, &c. Also a young bearing orchard. It is now in the tenure of John M'Mullan, and may be entered on the first day of April next. Any person inclining to purchase, or rent, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, in Philadelphia. Feb. 8. 6w. † JOHN DUFFIELD.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.